DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A CHAMPION BRAVE, ALERT AND STRONG—TO AID THE RIGHT, OPPOSE THE WRONG.

Vol. VIII.] Great Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, Thursday Morning, July 18, 1867. [No. 11.

The Daily Union Vedette,

(ESTABLISHED JANUARY, 1863.)

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,

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— BY —

P. L. SHOAFF.

In time for the Mails to the North and Northwest, and to the East and West.

The large WEEKLY VEDETTE is published and ready every Saturday morning for mailing to subscribers throughout the States and Territories.

TERMS.—IN ADVANCE:

DAILY:		WEEKLY:	
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I. O. O. F.—Utah Lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings in Odd Fellows' Hall, Main street, on Thursday evening of each week, at 8 o'clock.

Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

PAUL ENGELBRECHT, N. G.

THOMAS C. DUNN, Secretary. fe1-tf

Masonic Notice.—The stated communications of Wasatch Lodge, A. F. and A. M., U. D., are held at their Hall on the second and fourth Fridays of each month.

Sojourning and visiting brethren are invited to attend. By order.

R. H. ROBERTSON, W. M.

R. B. CLARK, Secretary. [de31-tf

Masonic Notice.—The Stated Communications of Mt. Moriah Lodge, F. & A. M., U. D., are held at their Hall on the second Tuesday of each month.

Sojourning and visiting Brethren are invited to attend.

By order of

JAMES ELLIS, W. M.

T. AUERBACH, Secretary. [fe7-tf

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apr18-tf

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June 16, 1867. [je10-6m

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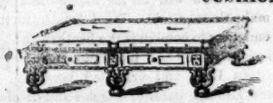

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nov4-1y-sep

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No. 614 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal.

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The Daily Union Vedette.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1867.

DAN'L McLAUGHLIN, Editor.

The "Mormon Problem."

Our cotemporary—the Daily *Telegraph*—is tickled, because it thinks, or appears to think, that there is a difficult intricacy in solving the "Mormon problem." It is true that a great many of the American journals, in commenting on the practice of polygamy and the doctrine of blood atonement, as practiced by *Mormons* in Utah, confound these *barbarous practices* with Mormonism; and not unfrequently speak of them as convertible terms. This error does not arise from any disposition on their part to misrepresent the faith of the people of Utah. In fact, American journals care as little about Mormonism, as a religious belief, as they do about any other ism; and the adherents of that faith can believe in Mormonism until yesterday comes back, if they want to, and there will be none to molest them or make them afraid. What American journals endeavor to combat is the heathenish practices of polygamy and blood atonement, introduced in Utah, and practiced here, in violation of all laws, natural, human and divine. This is the "Mormon problem" spoken of. The sacred name of religion has been invoked to bolster up these hideous monstrocities; and the Brigham-Young-wing of the Mormon Church have put forth more of an effort to attach these two flagrant outrages to the Mormon faith, than they have to spread that faith abroad. They are very careful not to preach these two repulsive practices across the seas, as a part of their doctrine. If either is based on "revelation," as pretended, then the missionaries who visit Europe do not speak the *whole* truth. They only preach part of it, and are guilty of duplicity. If they are not, then the dignitaries here are the ones guilty of duplicity. Certain it is, that the sons of the Mormon prophet, Joe Smith, denounce and condemn the onious practices, as being alike repugnant to religion and society; and that their offence is rank and smells to heaven. They proclaim in trumpet tones that Brigham Young is an imposter, in fastening such hideous practices on the faith.

The "problem" then, is these practices, engrafted by dogged perseverance on the religious views of a portion of the faithful; and when the Government is urged by the public journals and public sentiment, to put an end to them, the Mormon leaders and Mormon press tune their pipes to the cry of a religious persecution. The American people are very sensitive in the matter of freedom of religious belief. All religious beliefs are not only tolerated but protected by law; no matter how absurd such beliefs may appear to those who do not concur! The genius of our institution allows no interference between man and his maker; and the mortal may worship the immortal creator in that manner that he is willing to become responsible for, without any one's leave. The State only requires that in so doing, he shall not interfere with the same right in others; do nothing to disturb the peace and good order of society; nor do anything contrary to good morals or public policy.

Not only are the American people determined to solve the "problem," if the Mormon dignitaries of Brigham Young's wing of the faith, don't do it, but the Mormon people are beginning to see *that it will be done*, and there will be *no religious persecution about it, either*. It needs no prophet to tell that in this city, there are plenty of men and women who are tired of polygamy, and would hail with joy, the day of their deliverance from the Mahomedan meshes of Utah mormonism.

The "problem" will be solved before long; and Mormonism when stripped of its deformities, may be more attractive.

(Communicated.)

OLD NEWS!—The public are astonished, that even now—weeks after the admitted visit of Lew Wallace and Josh. Terry—the energetic and wide-awake "*News*" and "*Telegraph*" admit that gold has been found! What reliable sources of the *latest news!* and the newest fashion of making and "nursing babies."

QUIS.

[From the Montana Post of the 6th inst.]

MORMONISM DEFINED.

A recent article in the *Post*, touching mildly on the abominations practiced by Brigham Young and his followers, appears to have touched a tender place in the Salt Lake *Telegraph*, and it thereupon devotes a couple of editorials to the *Post*. The *Telegraph* builds its article on this kind of theory: "The legalizing of prostitution is advocated in some of the States. Polygamy is no worse than prostitution, therefore why disturb it?" This kind of argument is its own refutation, and would not merit a reply were it not for the following assertions:

"There is something said in general terms about infamous and detestible criminal practices, pernicious and demoralizing institutions, hostility toward resident unbelievers and the Federal Government and its officers, intimidating courts, defiance to the laws, locally legalized abominations, and so on.

"We have lived in this city quite a time, and must confess to utter ignorance of the prevalence hereabout of the crimes somewhat indefinitely preferred by the *Post*.

"We are in a great loss to know what those infamous and detestable criminal practices, pernicious and demoralized institutions mean. We have not the remotest idea of any such things in connection with the people of Utah.

"As to hostility to unbelieving residents, to the Federal Government and Federal officers, as such, it is entirely a mistake.

"Intimidation of courts and defiance of the law we know nothing of."

In law, when a witness testifies that he knows nothing of the circumstances of the case, his evidence goes for naught. Perhaps in this case, "ignorance is bliss," and the *Telegraph* thinks it "folly to be wise," or, its ignorance may be attributed to the truthfulness of the statement in the *Alta California* that "Mormonism is eminently European and representing the *lowest class* of European society. This "lowest class" are not accountable for their neglected education. We have chosen the above *morceaus* from the article to show the elegant style of negative evidence with which they expect not only to satisfy the popular mind with the loyalty and law abiding proclivities of the Mormon people, but it is a characteristic specimen of the only kind of evidence that has ever been drawn from one of their people in a United States court of justice, when a Mormon was charged with crime. Read the record of the investigations and see. The *Telegraph* says the charges of the *Post* were indefinite. Very well! We will make them specific.

On the 18th of March, 1849, the people of Utah met in convention and established the "State of Deseret." In the preamble to the Constitution adopted, it was asserted that it was "a free and independent government," notwithstanding that all the territory within its limits had been ceded to the United States by Mexico in 1848. Brigham Young was elected Governor. There was no Enabling Act ever passed by Congress giving them the right to erect a State; therefore the formation of this "free and independent government" within the territory of the United States without its sanction, was an overt act of hostility. The hostility to Federal officers after the Territory had been formed, requiring the presence of United States troops to insure their safety, a column of Federal troops was started for Utah in the autumn of 1857, under command of General Harney, which command was subsequently transferred to Colonel A. S. Johnson. On their approach across the plains, Young issued his famous proclamation, containing the following:

"I, Brigham Young, Governor and Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Territory of Utah, in the name of the people of the United States in the Territory of Utah, forbid,

First, All armed forces of whatever description from coming into this Territory, under any pretence whatever.

Second, That all forces in said Territory hold themselves in readiness to march at a moments notice to repel any and all such invasion.

Third, Martial law is hereby declared to exist in this Territory, from and after the publication of this proclamation, and no person shall be allowed to pass or repass, into or through, or from this Territory, without a permit from the proper officer."

Brigham Young told Judge Brochus, publicly, 'he would kick him or any other Gentile Judge from the stand, if he interfered with the affairs of Zion." He said publicly in one of his sermons, "I live above the law, and so do this people." On another occasion he said:

"I will be Governor still, after you have done everything you possibly can to prevent it. We have got a Territorial government, and I am, and will be, Governor, and no power can hinder it until the Lord Almighty says: 'Brigham, you need not be Governor any longer,' and then I am willing to yield to another Governor."

In a sermon, preached September 16, of the same year, Brigham Young said:

"This people are free; they are not in bondage to any government on God's foot-stool. * * * We have borne enough of their oppression and hellish abuse, and we will not stand any more of it. * * * They say that their army is legal, and I say that such a statement is false as hell, and that they are as rotten as an old pumpkin that has been frozen seven times and then melted in a harvest sun. Come on with your thousands of illegally ordered troops, and I will promise you, in the name of Israel's God, that you shall melt away as the snow before a July sun. You might as well tell me that you can make hell into a powder house as to tell me that you could let an army be here and have peace; and I intend to tell them and show them this if they do not stay away."

Heber C. Kimball said:

"Is there a collision between us and the United States? No! We have not collashed; that is the word that sounds nearest to what I mean. But now, the thread is cut between them and us, and we will never gybe again—no never, worlds without end. Do as you are told, and Brigham Young will never leave the governorship of this territory, from this time henceforth and forever. No. Never. And there shall be no wicked Judge with his w—— ever sit in our courts again; for all who are against Israel are an abomination to me and our God."

These sermons were published in the *Deseret News*.

To Powell, of Ky., and Ben. McCullough, who were afterwards appointed commissioners to Utah, Young and Wells acknowledged they had destroyed government trains with the army. President Buchanan, the man who had lived past his day of usefulness, a vascillating doting nonentity, issued a proclamation of pardon. The Mormon Church dictated movements and location of the Federal troops; they were disposed of in remote districts, and so ended the farce.

On the 7th of January, 1863, Judge Cradlebaugh stated in the House of Representatives that "while he was an Associate Justice of Utah, the Grand Juries utterly refused to do anything and had to be discharged." He added:

"Sitting as a committing magistrate, complaint after complaint was made before me of murders and robberies. Among these I may mention, as peculiarly and shockingly prominent, the murder of Forbes, the assassination of the Parrishes and Potter, of Jones and his mother, of the Aiken party of which there were six in all, and, worst and darkest in the appalling catalogue of blood, the cowardly, cold blooded butchery and robbery at the Mountain Meadows, September 10, 1857. At that time there still lay, all ghastly under the sun of Utah, the unburied skeletons of one hundred and nineteen men, women and children, the hapless hopeless victims of the Mormon creed."

He stated that the wholesale murder was committed by Mormons, partly painted as Indians, by written authority of Brigham Young. They were a train of emigrants who had passed through the city and been joined by disaffected Mormons. United States officers reported officially the same thing. The train was a wealthy one, was from those States from which the Mormons had been expelled, and Revenge and Avarice inspired the deed. It consisted of 40 wagons, 800 head of cattle, 60 horses and mules, and nearly 150 men and women and many children. The people were all massacred except the infants, and Hon. J. Forney testifies to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs that a few days after the massacre that there was distributed among the leading dignitaries $30,000 worth of property. Captain Campbell, who was appointed to enquire into these affairs, reported to the A. A. General of the U. S. Army, July 6, 1859, that

"These emigrants were met by the Mormons, assisted by such of the wretched Indians of the neighborhood as they could force or persuade to join, and massacred, with the exception of such infant children as the Mormons thought to young too remember or tell of the affair."

Judge Cradlebaugh visited the scene of the massacre, was thoroughly convinced that the Mormons concocted the deed and were the main parties in executing it. Numbers of Mormons who had apostatized offered abundance of evidence if they were assured of military protection. He took affidavits and issued warrants for the arrest of thirty-eight Mormons including three Bishops, when orders were received from Washington to withdraw the military and so ended, for the time at least, the investigation. Brigham Young, Superintendent of Indian Affairs at the time, made no mention of the massacre in his report. The *Deseret News* made no mention of it for several months. The Indians, apostate Mormons and the children saved in the massacre; goods found in the possession of Mormons, known to have belonged to the emigrants, and traced back to the day succeeding the massacre, every evidence of a direct or circumstantial character, fastens upon the Mormon people the stigma and guilt of this damnable outrage. If this is not sufficient there is this day in possession of Judge Titus in Salt Lake City, *the original order*, issued by Lieut. Gen. Wells, commanding the Nauvoo Legion, in the handwriting of his Adjt. Gen. Spangler, (?) sworn to as authentic by two witnesses, and admitted last winter by the widow of Spangler (?) to be his handwriting, *ordering the murder of over forty teamsters* who had incurred the displeasure of the Mormon dignitaries. This order is published in a report in the United States Congress last winter.

In December of 1862, Governor Harding sent in his message to the Utah Legislature, in which the following passages occur:

"I lay it down as a sound proposition that no community can happily exist with an institution so important as that of marriage, wanting in all those qualities that make it homogenial with institutions and laws of neighboring civilized communities having the same object. Anomalies in the moral world cannot long exist in a state of mere abeyance; they must, from the very nature of things, become aggressive, or they will soon disappear from the force of conflicting ideas.

"That plurality of wives is tolerated and believed to be right may not appear so strange; but that a mother and her daughters are allowed to fulfill the duties of wives to the same husband, or that a man could be found in all Christendom who could be induced to take upon himself such a relationship, is, perhaps, no less a marvel in morals than in matters of taste. The bare fact that such practices are tolerated amongst you is sufficient evidence that the human passions, whether excited by religious fanaticism or otherwise, must be restrained and subjected to laws to which all must yield obedience. Much to my astonishment, I have not been able to find any law upon the statutes of this Territory regulating marriage."

This message, almost temperate and able argument against the practices indulged in by the Mormon people in direct violation of the laws of the country, the Legislature suppressed, and no record of their journals will show that Governor Harding ever delivered any message whatever. This fact being communicated to the United States Senate, the Committee on Territories, of which Ben. Wade was Chairman, was instructed to examine into and make a Report to the Senate of the cause for its suppression. From this Report we make the following extract:

"We have here the first exhibition within the limits of the United States of Church ruling the State. * * * Polygamy of the most unlimited character, sanctioning the cohabitation of a man with the mother and daughters indiscriminately, is not the only non-American thing among them."

In 1863, Judge Waite, who was Judge of the Second Judicial District, proposed holding a term of court in it, in the month of May, as provided by law, many murders having been committed there. The Mormon Legislature had passed a bill changing the term to October; but the Governor had refused to approve it. On examing the original bill, however, in the Secretary's office, he found that the word "May" had been erased, and the word "October" forged and interlined in the handwriting of one of the clerks, who had penned the body of the bill, and the Legislature sustained the forgery. The original act of 1850 not being adequate to the administration of justice by the judiciary, an amendatory act was drawn up by Judge Waite, and having been submitted to and approved by Judge Drake and Governor Harding, it was sent to the United States Senate and introduced by Senator Browning. The telegraph brought the word of its introduction to Salt Lake, and a meeting was called at the Tabernacle, March 3, 1863, at which Brigham Young used the following language:

"Do you acknowledge this man Harding for Governor? (Voices—No! You are our Governor.) Yes, I am your Governor; and I will let him know that I am Governor; and if he attempts to interfere in my affairs, 'Woe! woe! unto him.' Will you allow such a man to remain in the Territory? (Voices—No! put him out.) Yes, I say, put him out. Judges Waite and Drake are perfect fools, and the tools of Governor Harding, and they, too, must leave. If all those do not resign, or if the President does not remove them, the people must attend to it.

"In regard to the war now desolating the country, it is but the fulfillment of the prophecies of Joseph Smith, which he told me thirty years ago. Brother Joseph said that the South would rise against the North, and the North against the South; and that they would until both parties were destroyed, AND FOR MY PART, I GIVE IT GOD SPEED; for they have spilled the blood of the Prophet. (A vociferous 'Amen' from the audience.) I do not wish to live in or have anything to do with the United States. I will have a free and in-

dependent government for myself, where I may live and enjoy civil and religious liberty."

A petition to the Governor and Judges asking them to leave was signed by several thousand Mormons. A counter petition, denouncing the resolutions and condemning the assertions against the officials as unqualified falsehoods, was signed by every commissioned officer in Camp Douglas. The Governor and Judges were waited upon by committees, insulted by crowds of bullies in the public streets, and although heroically and determinedly refusing to be driven from the country, the Government eventually removed Harding and Waite to less hostile localities.

In the above synopsis of historical events, we have sustained fully, we think, our former position. It embraces the establishment of an absolute despotism within the limits of the United States; a theocracy in which Brigham Young assumes to be the Prophet of God; rebellion, in resisting the Federal troops and the action of their leader during the late war; defiance of law, in the assertion of Brigham Young, "I am above all law so are this people;" criminality in persisting in the practice of polygamy after the act of Congress forbidding the same; in the Mountain Meadow massacre and the order of Wells; locally legalized abominations, in indiscriminate intercourse, or marriage of one man to mother and daughters at the same time, sanctioned by the head of the church; a relic of barbarism, as the doctrines enunciated by the head of the church, that women have no souls and can only be saved through man's intervention, are degrading dogmas to enforce obedience through religious fanaticism, and satisfy the lecherous propensities of their lustful beastiality at the sacrifice of every moral principle. Through the imbecility of Buchanan's administration, the trials of rebellion during Lincoln's, and the difficulties attendant upon Johnson's, these things, while held in utter abhorrence by the American people, have not been forcibly dealt with. It will assuredly receive the attention of the nation within a twelvemonth; be embodied as an obnoxious and odious feature demanding immediate destruction in every political platform during the campaign of '68, and unless these practices are expunged from the Mormon Church, the entire institution will be wiped out, root, stem and branch. Their leader is less crafty and cunning than he has been credited with if he does not have it "revealed" to him ere long, that it is better to abandon polygamy than his possessions. The *Telegraph* gets up a leader on our assertion that "they must come down from the status of Saints to that of American citizens." We mean all that the language implies. You will find that "must" is our reading of the inevitable logic of events, and you "must come down," not from any admitted superior position, but from that mountain of vain-glorious pride and consummate folly you have builded under you; from that assumed position "above the laws" which it is unsafe for any people to attain. Commending these facts to our cotemporary, we assure them that at any future time we will be pleased to continue the course of instruction, having many interesting details of the more recent and fully as culpable and fiendish actions, promulgated as the inspirations of Deity, but stained with blood that cries to Heaven against you.

REMOVED.—Siegel Bros. have removed their entire stock of clothing under the Salt Lake House. 7-12-6t

JUST AS WAS EXPECTED.—There has been a rush to the Californ in Store of L. Cohn & Co. since their removal; and they are anxious to make room for their large stock of new goods coming in. Everybody gets a bargain that trades there. Go and see them. 4t.

IT WILL PAY A PERUSAL.—We publish entire the article of the Montana *Post*, of the 6th inst., and ask for it a careful perusal. Our neighbor, the *Telegraph*, provoked the article, and has not the moral courage to publish it for *its* readers, and then attempt its refutation. Give both sides, as we do, and then talk about "free press" and "fair play."

WHAT NEXT.—The editor of the *Telegraph* has turned up in a new character. We have his word for it! He don't want to go to the new mines, as he prefers to act the *role* of wet nurse. He says in yesterday's issue: "We are going to stay at home and look after the babies." That is all right! Give him a fair show to illustrate his usefulness. He has been tried—like the fellow's coon dog—for everything else, and wasn't worth a cent; and must be good for infantiles, or else good for nothing. Just imagine the change from scalping and beheading regenerators, recommending shot guns and maggoty water, to spooning up soothing syrup, paregoric, arrow-root, etc, and singing lullabies that would charm snakes from their holes, and birds from the bush.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer 21,
Troy, N. Y.

ap16-6m

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychometrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with the date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate or written guarantee that the picture is what it purports to be. By inclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and inclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson N. Y. ap16-1y

☞ A YOUNG LADY returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the **Circassian Balm**, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticule it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette st., Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American Agents for the sale of the same
ap16-1y

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility,

And all diseases of the **Urinary Organs,**

Whether existing in **Male or Female,**

From whatever cause originating and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

Health and Happiness,

And that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ap8-1y

For Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropical swellings, USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. [ap8-1y

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract Buchu Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. [ap8-1y

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [ap8-1y

Helmbold's Extract Buchu gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or epileptic fits ensue. [ap8-1y

Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well. [ap8-1y

Take no More Unpleasant and Unsafe Remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH. [ap8-1y

The Glory of Man is Strength—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. [ap8-1y

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.

OFFICE ASSISTANT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCY,
Camp Douglas, U. T., July 16, 1867.

Sealed Proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Thursday, July 25, 1867, for the delivery at Fort Bridger, U. T., or at Camp Douglas, for Fort Bridger, U. T., of

Ninety-thousand (90,000) pounds of Flour.

The Flour to be of the best quality well put up in strong sacks of one hundred (100) pounds each, and marked with the name of the contractor, and subject to the inspection of the A. C. S. at Fort Bridger or that of any person he may designate for the purpose.

The parties to whom the contract may be awarded will be required within forty-eight (48) hours after the acceptance of the bids to give bonds equal to 33 per cent. of the amount of the contract with good and sufficient security for the faithful performance of the contract.

Each Proposal must be accompanied with a statement signed by the persons offered by the bidder as his securities, stating their willingness to enter into bonds in case the contract should be awarded to said bidder.

In case of "firms" making bids, each individual name must be written out.

The Flour must be delivered as follows:

20,000 pounds in August,
35,000 pounds in September,
35,000 pounds in October, 1867.

A copy of this advertisement (a slip cut from this paper) must accompany each Proposal.

Payment to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States Government.

Proposals to be enclosed in an envelope and endorsed "Proposals for Flour," and directed to the undersigned Q. M. Office, Camp Douglas, U. T.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

No bid will be considered unless the persons making it are present, or their authorized agents.

The party to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to pay for the insertion of this advertisement.

Bids for any reasonable quantity will be received.

JOHN McCLINTOCK
Capt. 36th U. S. Inf., Bvt. Maj. U. S. A., and A. C. S.
7-12-td

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER, LIME AND CHARCOAL.

ACTING ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S Office,
FORT BRIDGER, U. T., July 6, 1867.

Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at the Q. M. Office, Camp Douglas, Utah until 12 o'clock M, July 25th, 1867, for the delivery at Fort Bridger, Utah, of the following supplies:

50,000 feet of Pine Lumber,
400 bushels of Lime,
2,500 " " Charcoal.

The Lumber must be of the best quality, subject to inspection by the A. A. Q. M., at Fort Bridger, U., and delivered in the following proportions:

25,000 feet one inch pine boards 12 feet long;
1,000 " ¼ " " " " " "
1,000 " ¾ " " " " " "
5,000 " 2 " " plank " " "
6,000 " ½ " " " " " "
3,000 " scantling 2x3 12 and 16 feet long;
3,000 " " 3x3 " " " "
3,000 " " 3x4 " " " "
3,000 " " 4x4 " " " "

The best quality of Lime and Charcoal will be required, subject to inspection by the A. A. Q. M., at Fort Bridger.

The parties to whom the Contracts may be awarded, will be required within forty-eight (48) hours after the acceptance of the bids, to give bonds, equal to thirty-three (33) per cent of the amount of the Contract, for the faithful performance of same.

Each Proposal must be accompanied with a statement signed by the persons offered by the bidder as his securities, stating their willingness to enter into bonds in case the Contract should be awarded said bidder.

The Lumber must be delivered as follows: One-half (assorted) in August, and one-half in september, 1867.

The Lime must be delivered in August and September, 1867.

The Charcoal is to be delivered as follows: In August 500 bushels, in September 1,000, and in October 1,000 bushels.

The quantity of lumber before opening bids may be increased to 125,000 feet, and the Lime to 1,400 bushels.

A copy of this advertisement (a slip cut from this paper) must be attached to each copy of Proposals.

Payment to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the U. S. Government.

Proposals to be enclosed in an envelope and indorsed "Proposals for Lumber, Lime and Charcoal," as the case may be.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

The party to whom the Contract may be awarded, will be required to pay for this advertisement.

Bids for any reasonable quantity will be considered.

Contracts subject to the approval of the Chief Quartermaster of the Department.

O. W. WOOD,
1-10-td Lieut. 18th U. S. Infr., A. A. Q. M.

OCCIDENTAL RESTAURANT,

First door South from the City Drug Store, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

ROSS & BINNS, Proprietors.

The Proprietors would inform the public that they have purchased the above Restaurant, and will guarantee that in future it will be kept in a manner superior to any other establishment of the kind in the city.

Lodging can also be furnished, as we have a number of fine rooms, and the best of Spring Beds.

H. M. ROSS,
ap11-4f J. D. BINNS.

HO! HO!!

For the Green River Mines.

A fine coach with six horses will leave Salt Lake City on Monday, July 15th. For particulars enquire of GEO. H. MIXER, or OLIVER DURANT, or Bank Exchange. 7-7-tf

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. [ap8-1y

Shattered Constitutions Restored by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. ap8-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW DRUG STORE.

J. BAUMAN & CO.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Salt Lake, and Utah Territory in general, that they have just opened a complete and wellselected Stock of Pure

DRUGS AND MEDICIENS,
PAINTS,
OILS,
BRUSHES,
DYE STUFFS,
NOTIONS.
CHOICE GROCERIES,
PATENT MEDICENS and
PERFUMERIES,

And every article adapted to this Market.

Country Dealers

Are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock at

Wilkinson & Fenn's Old Stand,

One door south of New York Store.

EAST TEMPLE STREET,
SALT LAKE CITY.

☞ *Prescriptions carefully prepared at all hours.* sept22-1y

THE OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY STORE

— OF —

I. WATTERS,

East Temple St., one door South of the New York Store.

Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Gold and Silver Watches, Chains of all Descriptions, Clocks, Silver Ware, &c., &c., &c.,

Forming the most complete and extensive assortment between the mountains and the Pacific Coast.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED

And for sale on the most reasonable terms.

Repairing of Watches and Jewelry attended to with promptness. (mr2-tf

TO FREIGHTERS AND OTHERS.

SALT! SALT!!

200 Tons now on Hand!

THE Oneida Salt Company

Are now prepared to furnish, in quantities to suit purchasers, the finest quality of the above article ever offered for the Montana and Idaho markets, and at less than Salt Lake prices. The works are situated on the "Lander Emigrant Road," at a point about 50 miles east from Taylor's Bridge across Snake River, and 225 miles from Virginia City, M. T., easy of access for all kinds of teams, with an abundance of feed and water at all seasons.

We will furnish the article put up in 10, 20 and 50 pound bags, or in bulk, and on the most favorable terms. For further particulars address:

B. F. WHITT, Agent,
7-11-3f Malad City, Idaho Ter.

REVERE HOUSE,

2nd South Street, Salt Lake City, U. T.

G. D. JENKS & CO.

Inform the Citizens of Salt Lake City and vicinity, as well as the Traveling Public, that they have opened this

FIRST CLASS HOUSE,

Which is NEWLY FURNISHED in a style equal to the Hotels in the East, and superior to any in this city.

The Table will be supplied with the Choicest Viands.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort of Guests. (ja19-tf

SAN FRANCISCO.

TRY IT

STANDARD SOAP CO.'S
CONCENTRATED
Washing Powder.

THIS SOAP is Superior to all other Soaps or Compounds for
WASHING AND CLEANING.
It is made of Pure Material, and contains nothing that will injure the finest fabric.
Equally as good for using in
Hard as Soft Water.
No Soap Ever Required to be Used with this Powder.
One Pound will Make Three Gallons Of Beautiful SOFT SOAP.
It is put up in wrappers of one pound each, and in boxes of ten pounds bulk, with directions.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.
Manufactured at
204 Sacramento Street, San Francisco.

☞STANDARD SOAP CO., also manufacture
California Superior Pale, Chemical, Olive, and Detersive
SOAPS,
Equal to Eastern Manufacture. and
SELL TO THE TRADE AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.
sept7-d&w1y

VULCAN IRON WORKS CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850.)
FIRST, NATOMA, FREMONT AND BEALE STS.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
Iron Founders, Steam Engine and Quartz Mill Builders, Boiler Makers, and Workers in Sheet Iron, Brass and Copper.

These Works have lately been increased by the addition of new shops on Fremont Street, doubling the capacity of the original establishment. Their facilities for turning out machinery promptly and efficiently, are now unequaled in the State.
The Company are prepared to execute orders for all classes of Machinery and Boiler Work, such as Mining Machinery, Railroad Machinery, Flouring Mills, Quartz Mills, Sugar Mills, Saw Mills, Housings and Irons; and Manufacturing Machinery of every kind.
They have also a large assortment of Patterns for Pumping and Hoisting Machinery, Gearing, Pullies, Water Mill Irons, Hydraulic and Screw Presses, Retorts, Furnaces, Grate Bars, House Fronts, Ornamental Fence Posts and Railing, Stove Ranges, etc., etc.
Quartz Stampers, Shoes and Dies, of the best Hard Iron. Quartz Screens of Russia Iron Punched to Order. [no19-1y

MERCHANTS
—OF—
UTAH, MONTANA, IDAHO AND NEVADA!

L. B. BENCHLEY & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN HARDWARE!
San Francisco, California,
Beg leave to call the attention of dealers in Mining Agricultural and House-building Hardware to their large and complete Stock of Goods, which they are continually receiving direct from the manufacturers, and which they offer the trade at lowest rates.
All orders for goods will have prompt and careful attention.
We beg leave to refer to Messrs. WALKER BROS. and WM. JENNINGS, Esq., Salt Lake City.
oct21-1yjan

AMERICAN EXCHANGE,
Corner of Sansome and Halleck Streets.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
FIRE-PROOF—200 Rooms all Hard-Finished, Well Ventilated and Nicely Furnished.
The most comfortable and home-like Hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied.
Prices to Suit the Most Economical.
The AMERICAN EXCHANGE COACH, with RED LIGHTS, will always be in readiness to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge.
TIMOTHY SARGENT,
aug3] Proprietor.

SAN FRANCISCO.

STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS
—AND—
PAPER WAREHOUSE!

WM. B. COOKE & CO.,
MANUFACTURING & IMPORTING STATIONERS,
Printers, Binders and Blank Manufacturers.
ALSO PUBLISHERS OF
Mining, Commercial and Legal Blanks.
S. E. corner Sansome and Clay sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO.

☞ The only EXCLUSIVE STATIONERY HOUSE on the Pacific Coast.
☞ Orders from the Trade, Millmen, County Officers, &c., from Utah, Idaho, Nevada and Montana, reliably filled and goods promptly forwarded by express or otherwise,, via the Chico, Austin or Colorado River routes.
☞ Patronage Solicited and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Wm. B. COOKE & CO.
oct26 1yop

TAYLOR & BENDEL,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. G. KRISCH & CO.,)
IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS,
413 and 415 Clay Street, San Francisco, Cal.
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Dr. Hufeland's Swiss Stomach Bitters

The world renowned reputation, together with the extensive and increasing demand for Dr. Hufeland's Swiss Stomach Bitters will at once recommend them to the favorable notice of all connoisseurs and lovers of a good and healthful tonic and invigorator. As a purifier of the blood, acting surely yet gently, on the secretions of liver and kidneys, they are unsurpassed and a most agreeable drink.

For Sale at all the Wholesale and Retail Stores on the Pacific Coast,
And at the Depot of
TAYLOR & BENDEL,
413 and 415 Clay street, between Sansome and Battery San Francisco, California. (mr13-6m

JAMES LINFORTH,
Commission Merchant.
No. 8 Front Street, near Market.
San Francisco, Cal.
AGENCY for the purchase and shipment of all descriptions of MERCHANDISE and MACHINERY on Commission for Utah, Idaho and Montana.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. jan2-1f

QUARTZ MACHINERY.
HANSCOM & CO.,
ÆTNA IRON WORKS,
S. E. corner Fremont and Tehama Streets
SAN FRANCISCO,
Manufacture superior Mills and Machinery for gold and silver mining. nov2-1yosp

MISCELLANEOUS.

AFFLICTED!
SUFFER NO MORE!
When by the use of DR. JOINVILLE'S ELIXIR you can be cured permanently, and at a trifling cost.
The astonishing success which has attended this invaluable medicine for physical and nervous weakness, general debility and prostration, loss of muscular energy, impotency, or any of the consequences of youthful indiscretion, renders it the most valuable preparation ever discovered.
It will remove all nervous affections, depression, excitement, incapacity to study or business, loss of memory, confusion, thoughts of self-destruction, fears of insanity, &c. It will restore the appetite, renew the health of those who have destroyed it by sensual excess or evil practices.
Young men, be humbugged no more by "Quack Doctors" and ignorant practitioners, but send without delay for the Elixir, and be at once restored to health and happiness. A perfect cure is guaranteed in every instance. Price, $1, or four bottles to one address, $3.
One bottle is sufficient to effect a cure in all ordinary cases.
ALSO, DR. JOINVILLE'S SPECIFIC PILLS, for the speedy and permanent cure of gonorrhea, gleet, urethral discharges, gravel, stricture, and all affections of the kidneys and bladder. Cures effected in from one to five days. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath. No change of diet is necessary while using them, nor does their action in any manner interfere with business pursuits. Price, $1 per box.
Either of the above-mentioned articles will be sent to any address, closely sealed, and post-paid, by mail or express, on receipt of price. Address all orders to
BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists,
ap16-1y] No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y.

ASTROLOGY.
THE WORLD ASTONISHED
AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS
MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,
Madame H. A. PERRIGGO.
She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, castastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness inclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, inclosing a small lock of hair. Address,
MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
ap16-1y] P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.
Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair
Whose curling tendrils soft, entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.
CRISPER COMA,
For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.
By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and postpaid for $1. Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
ap16-1y] No. 3 West Fayette st., Syracuse, N. Y.

1867. NEW 1867.
SPRING STYLES
PHILADELPHIA WALL PAPERS!
HOWELL & BOURKE,
Cor. Fourth & Market sts., Philadelphia,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Paper Hangings, Window Curtain Papers, Linen Shades and Hollands, Solid Green and Buff, Chocolate Grounds, Figured and Plain Shades,
To which we invite the attention of Merchants. [my2-6m

Proposals for FLOUR and LARD At Camp Douglas.

Office A. C. S., Camp Douglas, U. T.,
July 16, 1867.

Sealed Proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until 11 A. M., Thursday, July 25th, 1867, for furnishing the United States with
Sixty Thousand (60,000) pounds of Flour and Twelve Hundred and Eighty (1,280) pounds of Lard,
At Camp Douglas, U. T.

The Flour to be of a good, merchantable quality—equal to the best that can be procured in Utah; to be put up in strong sacks of one hundred [100] pounds each, marked Subs. Dept. with date of purchase and name of the contractor, and to be delivered as follows:
20,000 pounds in August,
20,000 pounds in September,
20,000 pounds in October, 1867.

The Lard to be good clear leaf, well put up in cans of forty [40] lbs. each, and to be delivered as follows:
640 pounds in August,
640 pounds in September, 1867.

The parties to whom either of the above contracts may be awarded will be required within forty-eight (48) hours after the acceptance of the bid, to give bonds in the sum equal to the amount of the contract, with good and sufficient security for the faithful performance of the contract.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a statement, signed by the persons offered by the bidder as his securities, stating their willingness to enter into bonds in case the contract should be awarded to said bidder.

In case of "Firms" making bids, each individual name must be written out.

A copy of this advertisement [a slip cut from this paper] must be attached to each copy of proposals.

Payment to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the U. S. Government, at the end of each month, for the quantity furnished.

Proposals to be enclosed in an envelope and endorsed "Proposals for Flour," and "Proposals for Lard," and directed to the undersigned.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Contract subject to approval of Chief Commissary.

No bid will be considered unless the party making it, or their authorized agent, is present.

The successful bidders will be required to pay pro rata for the insertion of this advertisement.

JOHN MCCLINTOCK,
Capt. 36th U. S. Inf., Bvt. Maj. U. S. A. and A. C. S.
7-17-td

PROPOSALS for FRESH BEEF At Camp Douglas.

OFFICE ASSISTANT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
Camp Douglas, U. T., July 16th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals in duplicate will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, July 25th, 1867, for furnishing Fresh Beef from the block to the Troops at Camp Douglas, U. T., for one year from October 1st, 1867.

The Beef to be of a good and wholesome quality, with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters [necks, shanks and kidney tallow to be excluded]. The necks of the cattle slaughtered for Beef, under this contract, shall be cut off at the vertebral joint, and the breast trimmed down; the shanks of the fore quarters to be cut from three to four inches above the knee joint, and of the hind quarters, from six to eight inches above the gambol or hock joint.

The contractor will be required to weigh and issue the Beef on the order of the Post Commissary.

The parties to whom the Contract may be awarded will be required, within forty-eight [48] hours after the acceptance of the bid, to give bonds in the sum of Ten Thousand [10,000] Dollars for the faithful performance of the contract.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a statement, signed by the persons offered by the bidders as his securities, stating their willingness to enter into bonds, in case the contract should be awarded to said bidder.

In case of "Firms" making bids, each individual name must be written out.

A copy of this advertisement [a slip cut from this paper] must accompany each copy of proposals.

Payment will be made in such funds as may be furnished by the U. S. Government.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

No bid will be considered unless the party making it, or their authorized agent, is present.

The successful bidder will be required to pay for the insertion of this advertisement.

JOHN MCCLINTOCK.
Capt. 36th U. S. Inf., Bvt. Maj. U. S. A. and A. C. S.
7-17-td

Proposals for Transportation of Government Supplies.

Office A. C. S., Camp Douglas, July 16, 1867.

Sealed Proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office until 12:30 o'clock P. M., Thursday, July 25, 1867, for the safe Transportation of One Hundred Thousand (100,000) pounds of Government Supplies from Camp Douglas to Fort Bridger, U. T.

The Transportation to be furnished as follows:
Transportation for 40,000 *pounds in August,*
" " 30,000 *pounds in September,*
" " 30,000 *pounds in October.*

The parties to whom the contract may be awarded will be required within forty-eight (48) hours after the acceptance of the bid to give bonds with good and sufficient security for the faithful performance of the contract.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a statement, signed by the persons offered as securities, stating their willingness to enter into bonds in case the contract should be awarded to said bidder.

In case of "Firms" making bids, each individual name must be written out.

A copy of this advertisement [a slip cut from this paper] must accompany each copy of proposals.

Payment will be made in such funds as may be furnished by the U. S. Government.

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The successful bidder will be required to pay for the insertion of this advertisement.

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